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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/074,235 02/14/2002		Masamitsu Kojima	1207-93	6222		
75	90 08/08/2003					
NIXON & VA	NDERHYE P.C.	EXAMINER				
8th Floor 1100 North Gle		SCHWARTZ, CHRISTOPHER P				
Arlington, VA 22201			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			3683			
			DATE MAILED: 08/08/2003	DATE MAILED: 08/08/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No. 10/074,235 Applicant(s)

Kojima et al.

Exa	

Schwartz

Art Unit

3683

	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on	the cover shee	t with the c	orrespondence	address	1 / \
Period 1	for Reply				(1/ \
THE I	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.					- 1 \
	ions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In no date of this communication.	event, however, may	a reply be time	ly filed after SIX (6)	MONTHS from the	//
- If NO p - Failure - Any re	period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the specified for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the apply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	will expire SIX (6) MO application to become	ONTHS from the ABANDONED (mailing date of this 35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status						
1) 🗆	Responsive to communication(s) filed on					·
2a) 🗌	This action is FINAL . 2b) X This action	n is non-final.				
3) 🗆	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposi	tion of Claims					
4) 💢	Claim(s) <u>1-19</u>		i	s/are pending	in the applicat	ion.
4	la) Of the above, claim(s)			is/are withdra	wn from consi	ideration.
5) 🗆	Claim(s)			is/are allo	owed.	
6) 💢	Claim(s) <u>1-19</u>			is/are reje	ected.	
7) 🗆	Claim(s)			is/are obj	ected to.	
8) 🗌	Claims	are s	ubject to re	estriction and/	or election req	uirement.
Applica	tion Papers					
9) 🗆	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are a	accepted	or b)□ ob	jected to by tl	he Examiner.	
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the dra-	wing(s) be held	in abeyance	e. See 37 CFR	1.85(a).	
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a) appro	ved b) disa	pproved by the	e Examiner.
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to	this Office actio	on.			
12)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	er.				
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13)	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign prior	rity under 35 L	J.S.C. § 11	9(a)-(d) or (f)		
a) 🗆	☐ All b)☐ Some* c)☐ None of:					
	1. \square Certified copies of the priority documents have	been received.				
	2. \square Certified copies of the priority documents have	been received i	in Applicat	ion No		
	 Copies of the certified copies of the priority doc application from the International Bureau ee the attached detailed Office action for a list of the office 	(PCT Rule 17.	2(a)).		onal Stage	
14)		•				₽.
· _	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic pr The translation of the foreign language provisional a	•				
15)	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic pr			veu. i 120 and/or 1	CHRISTOPHER P	MARIL
Attachm		ionty under 50	. 0.0.0. 33	, , 20 aliu/01 1	.0	SCHWA
		Interview Summ	nary (PTO-413)	Paper No(s).	_ TOPHER!	APPY W
2) No	tice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 5	Notice of Inform		ation (PTO-152)	CHRISTMAN	
3) 💢 Inf	ormation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)5	Other:			I'd to	אווא אווא

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DETAILED ACTION

Information Disclosure Statement

1. The information disclosure statement has been received and considered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

3. Claims 1-10,12-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Japanese publication 2605841 in view of Potter '945.

Regarding claims 1,2 '841, as best understood, discloses a rotary damper for a seat comprising a pair of relatively movable members 31,31 and 14.

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It is unclear what type of damping medium the Japanese publication '841 uses.

The reference to Potter discloses a shear damper and the use of silicone rubber which may be used as a damping medium between relatively movable parts 52 and 56. See column 3 lines 18+.

One having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have found it obvious to have utilized silicone rubber as the damping medium in the damper of '841 for the reasons discussed on column 3 of Potter and as an alternative choice of one damping medium for another well known one. Further it would have been obvious to have used "unvulcanized" silicone rubber depending upon the damping properties desired or to save on expense.

Regarding claims 3-5 to have used a silicon based rubber with the claimed range of plasticity in '841, as modified, would have been obvious dependent upon the damping properties desired. Note the modifying reference to Potter is not material specific regarding the selection of the viscoelastic material (presumably with differing degrees of plasticity).

As broadly claimed the limitations of claims 6-10 are met by the combination of references above.

Regarding claims 12-19 note the '841 device, as modified, is to be utilized with a seat having a backrest as shown in figure 3.

4. Claims 1-5,11 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Potter.

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Regarding claims 1,2 the reference to Potter discloses a shear type damper in figures 5-7 comprising plates 83 and 84 with silicone rubber layers therebetween but does not disclose whether the rubber layers are unvulcanized.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have used "unvulcanized" silicone rubber depending upon the damping properties desired or to save on expense.

Regarding claims 3-5 to have used a silicon based rubber with the claimed range of plasticity would have been obvious dependent upon the damping properties desired. Note the reference to Potter is not material specific regarding the selection of the viscoelastic material (presumably with differing degrees of plasticity).

Regarding claim 11 these requirements are met.

5. Claims 1-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shimoda in view of Potter or Thorn et al.

Regarding claims 1-11 Shimoda shows two embodiments of a damper in figures 6-8 which uses lead as the damping medium. Note the projections 52 and grooves spaced therebetween as shown in figure 7.

However it is well known to use silicone rubber as this medium for its resistance to temperature changes. See Potter column 3. Also see Thorn et al.

To have substituted a silicon based rubber for lead in the device of Shimoda with the claimed range of plasticity in '841, as modified, would have been obvious dependent upon the damping properties desired. Note the modifying reference to Potter is not material specific

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regarding the selection of the viscoelastic material (presumably with differing degrees of plasticity).

Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Note the use of silicon rubber in Friedrichsen et al..

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Chris Schwartz at

telephone number 703-308-0576..

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